

BILL

No. 95

An Act respecting the Management and Reduction of Greenhouse Gases and Adaptation to Climate Change

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PART I		DIVISION 2
	Preliminary Matters		Greenhouse Gas Emission Reduction Programs and other Programs
1	Short title	20	Greenhouse gas emission reduction programs
2	Interpretation	21	Specified emitter greenhouse gas emission reduction programs
3	Crown bound		
	PART II		PART VII
	Emission Baseline, Emission Targets, Monitoring and Reporting		Special Non-profit Corporations
4	Greenhouse gas emission baseline		DIVISION 1
5	Greenhouse gas emission reduction target		Fund
6	Report	22	Fund established
	PART III	23	Purposes of Fund
	Responsibilities and Powers of Minister	24	Powers of Fund
7	Responsibilities and powers of minister	25	Power to provide financial assistance to regulated emitters
8	Appointment of enforcement officers	26	Membership of Fund
	PART IV	27	Board of Fund
	Advisory Council	28	Chairperson and vice-chairperson
9	Advisory Council	29	Fund not agent of the Crown
	PART V		DIVISION 2
	Office of Climate Change		Saskatchewan Climate Research and Development Corp.
10	Interpretation	30	Research Corporation established
11	Office established	31	Purposes of Research Corporation
12	Co-ordinator of office	32	Powers of Research Corporation
13	Purposes of office	33	Membership of Research Corporation
14	Activities of office	34	Board of Research Corporation
15	Annual report	35	Chairperson and vice-chairperson
	PART VI	36	Research Corporation not agent of the Crown
	Regulated Emitters and Greenhouse Gas Emission Reduction Programs		DIVISION 3
	DIVISION 1		Saskatchewan Climate Change Foundation
	Regulated Emitters	37	Foundation established
16	Establishment of baseline emission level	38	Purposes of Foundation
17	Reduction in emissions required	39	Powers of Foundation
18	Returns	40	Membership of Foundation
19	Carbon compliance payment	41	Board of Foundation
		42	Chairperson and vice-chairperson
		43	Foundation not agent of the Crown

MANAGEMENT AND REDUCTION OF GREENHOUSE GASES

	DIVISION 4	
	Environment Corporation	
44	Environment Corporation established	61
45	Purposes of Environment Corporation	62
46	Powers of Environment Corporation	63
47	Membership of Environment Corporation	64
48	Board of Environment Corporation	65
49	Chairperson and vice-chairperson	66
50	Environment Corporation not agent of the Crown	67
		68
		69
	DIVISION 5	
	General Matters re Special Non-profit Corporations	
51	Interpretation of Division	
52	Application of <i>Non-profit Corporations Act, 1995</i>	
53	Head office	
54	General powers of special non-profit corporations	
55	Reports	
56	Fiscal year	
57	Audit	
58	Annual report	
	PART VIII	
	Administration, Inspections and Enforcement	
59	Public information	
60	Minister may apply for compliance or enjoining order	
		PART IX
		Offences and Administrative Penalties
		70
		71
		72
		73
		74
		PART X
		General
		75
		76
		77
		78
		79
		PART XI
		Coming into Force
		80

(Assented to)

HER MAJESTY, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Assembly of Saskatchewan, enacts as follows:

PART I Preliminary Matters

Short title

1 This Act may be cited as *The Management and Reduction of Greenhouse Gases Act*.

Interpretation

2 In this Act:

- (a) “**carbon compliance payment**” means an amount required to be paid pursuant to section 19 by a regulated emitter to the Fund with respect to the regulated emitter’s prescribed greenhouse gas emissions level;

MANAGEMENT AND REDUCTION OF GREENHOUSE GASES

- (b) **“carbon compliance price”** means the prescribed price to be paid for the emission of one tonne of CO₂e;
- (c) **“CO₂e”** means the mass of carbon dioxide that would produce the same global warming potential as a given mass of another greenhouse gas determined in the prescribed manner;
- (d) **“code”** means a code developed or adopted pursuant to clause 7(2)(m);
- (e) **“council”** means the Climate Change Advisory Council established pursuant to section 9;
- (f) **“enforcement officer”** means an enforcement officer appointed pursuant to section 8;
- (g) **“Environment Corporation”** means the Saskatchewan Environment Corporation established pursuant to section 44;
- (h) **“Foundation”** means the Saskatchewan Climate Change Foundation established pursuant to section 37;
- (i) **“Fund”** means the Saskatchewan Technology Fund Corp. established pursuant to section 22;
- (j) **“greenhouse gas”** means:
- (i) carbon dioxide (CO₂);
 - (ii) methane (CH₄);
 - (iii) nitrous oxide (N₂O);
 - (iv) hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs);
 - (v) perfluorocarbons (PFCs);
 - (vi) sulphur hexafluoride (SF₆); or
 - (vii) any other prescribed gas;
- (k) **“greenhouse gas emission baseline”** means the baseline amount of greenhouse gas emissions for Saskatchewan, expressed in CO₂e, in the year selected in accordance with section 4;
- (l) **“minister”** means the member of Executive Council to whom for the time being the administration of this Act is assigned;
- (m) **“ministry”** means the ministry over which the minister presides;
- (n) **“offset”** means any of the following that meets the requirements of this Act, the regulations and any codes:
- (i) a reduction in the release of greenhouse gas emissions;
 - (ii) the sequestration of greenhouse gas;
 - (iii) any other prescribed activity respecting greenhouse gas;
- (o) **“pre-certified investment”** means a large-scale and transformative project that is designed to result in a reduction in greenhouse gas emissions and is determined by the minister to be a pre-certified investment pursuant to clause 7(2)(k);

MANAGEMENT AND REDUCTION OF GREENHOUSE GASES

- (p) **“prescribed”** means prescribed in the regulations;
- (q) **“qualified person”** means:
 - (i) a member of a class of persons set out in a code; or
 - (ii) an individual or a class of individuals determined by the minister pursuant to clause 7(2)(n);
- (r) **“recognition for early action”** means a certificate specifying an amount of tonnes of CO₂e provided pursuant to clause 7(2)(j) by the minister to a regulated emitter to recognize actions taken before the coming into force of this Act by that regulated emitter to reduce greenhouse gas emissions;
- (s) **“regulated emitter”** means a prescribed person, or a person who is a member of a class of prescribed persons, who:
 - (i) emits a greenhouse gas; and
 - (ii) meets the prescribed requirements;
- (t) **“regulated emitter’s prescribed greenhouse gas emissions level”** means the level of greenhouse gas emissions for a regulated emitter after applying the reductions in greenhouse gas emissions prescribed pursuant to section 17 with respect to the regulated emitter;
- (u) **“Research Corporation”** means the Saskatchewan Climate Research and Development Corp. established pursuant to section 30;
- (v) **“Saskatchewan Initiatives”** means initiatives, targets, plans, proceedings and goals for Saskatchewan that:
 - (i) relate to climate change and greenhouse gas emissions; and
 - (ii) are prescribed or otherwise established by the minister or by the Lieutenant Governor in Council.

Crown bound

3 The Crown in right of Saskatchewan is bound by this Act.

PART II

Emission Baseline, Emission Targets, Monitoring and Reporting**Greenhouse gas emission baseline**

4 The Lieutenant Governor in Council may establish a greenhouse gas emission baseline for Saskatchewan for a year selected by the Lieutenant Governor in Council.

Greenhouse gas emission reduction target

5 The Lieutenant Governor in Council shall establish a greenhouse gas emission reduction target for Saskatchewan for a year or years selected by the Lieutenant Governor in Council.

MANAGEMENT AND REDUCTION OF GREENHOUSE GASES

Report

- 6(1)** The minister shall:
- (a) monitor compliance with:
 - (i) the greenhouse gas emission reduction targets established by the Lieutenant Governor in Council pursuant to this Act; and
 - (ii) any other matters that the minister considers appropriate; and
 - (b) prepare and issue reports respecting any matter governed by this Act that the minister considers in the public interest.
- (2) The minister may use any indicators that the minister considers relevant in the preparation of a report.
- (3) In accordance with *The Tabling of Documents Act, 1991*, the minister shall lay before the Legislative Assembly each report prepared pursuant to this section.

PART III

Responsibilities and Powers of Minister**Responsibilities and powers of minister**

- 7(1)** The minister is responsible for all matters not by law assigned to any other minister or government agency respecting greenhouse gas emissions, climate change and adaptation to climate change.
- (2) For the purposes of carrying out the minister's responsibilities, the minister may:
- (a) guide, promote, co-ordinate and implement policies, strategies and programs respecting greenhouse gas emissions, climate change and adaptation to climate change;
 - (b) undertake planning, research and investigations and make forecasts respecting greenhouse gas emissions, climate change and adaptation to climate change;
 - (c) install, operate and maintain, or cause to be installed, operated or maintained, devices to measure greenhouse gases;
 - (d) obtain and collect data respecting greenhouse gas emissions, climate change and adaptation to climate change;
 - (e) provide information to the public, and undertake programs of education, awareness and demonstration, respecting greenhouse gas emissions, climate change and adaptation to climate change;
 - (f) promote the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions and the sequestration of greenhouse gases;
 - (g) maintain records of greenhouse gas emissions;
 - (h) recommend targets for reductions of greenhouse gas emissions;
 - (i) establish and maintain registries of offsets;

MANAGEMENT AND REDUCTION OF GREENHOUSE GASES

- (j) recognize actions taken before the coming into force of this Act to reduce greenhouse gas emissions and, for that purpose, may:
 - (i) establish guidelines, policies and codes respecting the criteria for recognition for early action, who may apply for recognition for early action and the manner of applying for recognition for early action; and
 - (ii) issue certificates and impose any terms and conditions that the minister considers appropriate on those certificates;
- (k) determine what are pre-certified investments and, for that purpose, may:
 - (i) establish guidelines, policies and codes respecting the criteria for approving those investments, who may apply for approval of those investments and the manner of applying for approval; and
 - (ii) approve those investments and impose any terms and conditions that the minister considers appropriate on those approvals;
- (l) determine other amounts of CO₂e that regulated emitters may deduct when calculating greenhouse gas emissions for the purposes of a return required by section 18 and, for that purpose, may:
 - (i) establish guidelines, policies and codes respecting the criteria for determining those amounts, who may apply to receive permission to deduct those amounts and the manner of applying for permission; and
 - (ii) permit those deductions and impose any terms and conditions that the minister considers appropriate on those permissions;
- (m) develop or adopt codes respecting any matter governed by this Act, including codes respecting offsets and carbon compliance payments;
- (n) determine those individuals or classes of individuals who are qualified persons and, for that purpose, may:
 - (i) establish guidelines, policies and codes respecting the criteria for determining who are qualified persons; and
 - (ii) approve individuals or classes of individuals as qualified persons and impose any terms and conditions that the minister considers appropriate on those approvals;
- (o) develop or adopt any guideline, standard, objective, management criterion, protocol or similar instrument;
- (p) subject to the approval of the Lieutenant Governor in Council and the regulations:
 - (i) incorporate one or more bodies corporate for the purposes of carrying out activities authorized pursuant to this Act or the regulations; and

MANAGEMENT AND REDUCTION OF GREENHOUSE GASES

- (ii) either:
 - (A) become a shareholder or member of that corporation; or
 - (B) hold shares issued by or a membership interest in that corporation if:
 - (I) the shares or membership interest have been issued for nominal consideration; and
 - (II) the shares or membership interest do not entitle the holder to receive dividends or to receive the remaining property of the corporation on dissolution; and
 - (q) do any other thing that the minister considers appropriate to carrying out the minister's responsibilities or to exercising the minister's powers pursuant to this Act and the regulations.
- (3) For the purposes of furthering, undertaking and enforcing the minister's powers and responsibilities pursuant to this Act, including the minister's powers and responsibilities respecting greenhouse gas emissions, climate change and adaptation to climate change, the minister may enter into agreements on behalf of the Government of Saskatchewan with:
 - (a) the Government of Canada;
 - (b) the government of any other province or territory of Canada;
 - (c) the government of any other country, any state or division of that country or any minister, agent or official of that government; or
 - (d) any person, agency, board, commission, organization, association, institution or body.
- (4) The minister shall cause any codes that are developed or adopted pursuant to this section to be made available to the public in any manner that the minister considers likely to bring the codes to the public's attention, including causing them to be posted on the ministry's Internet website.
- (5) The minister shall cause notice of the development or adoption of a code, or an amendment to a code, pursuant to this Act to be published in the Gazette.
- (6) The power given to the minister to develop or adopt a code in any area is to be construed as including the power:
 - (a) to determine any criteria, terms, conditions or requirements that must be met by any person in order to carry out the activity governed by the code;
 - (b) to require any person to comply with the criteria, terms, conditions or requirements mentioned in clause (a); and
 - (c) to modify, or decide not to apply, any criterion, term, condition or requirement mentioned in clause (a) to any person.
- (7) Without limiting the generality of the minister's power to develop or adopt codes pursuant to this section, the Lieutenant Governor in Council may prescribe areas, activities, matters or circumstances for which the minister may develop or adopt codes.

MANAGEMENT AND REDUCTION OF GREENHOUSE GASES

(8) If the minister incorporates a body corporate pursuant to this section, the minister shall:

- (a) cause a notice of the incorporation to be published in the Gazette; and
- (b) lay before the Legislative Assembly a report, in accordance with *The Tabling of Documents Act, 1991*, outlining:
 - (i) the name of the body corporate;
 - (ii) the reasons for its incorporation; and
 - (iii) whether or not the minister is a member of that corporation or holds any shares or membership interest in that corporation.

(9) The Lieutenant Governor in Council may issue a declaration that any body corporate incorporated pursuant to this section is not an agent of the Crown and, if a declaration is issued pursuant to this section, the declaration prevails over any other Act or law.

Appointment of enforcement officers

8(1) The minister may appoint any persons or class of persons as enforcement officers for the purpose of enforcing or overseeing the enforcement of this Act, the regulations and the codes.

(2) The minister may set any limit or condition on any appointment pursuant to subsection (1) that the minister considers reasonable.

PART IV
Advisory Council

Advisory Council

9(1) The Climate Change Advisory Council is established.

(2) The council consists of the minister and not more than 11 other members appointed by the Lieutenant Governor in Council.

(3) A person appointed in accordance with subsection (2):

- (a) holds office at pleasure for a period not exceeding three years and, notwithstanding the expiry of his or her term, continues to hold office until his or her successor is appointed; and
- (b) is eligible for reappointment.

(4) If a member appointed pursuant to subsection (2) dies or resigns, the person ceases to be a member on the date of death or on the day on which the resignation is received by the council, as the case may be.

(5) If the office of a person appointed pursuant to subsection (2) becomes vacant, the Lieutenant Governor in Council may:

- (a) appoint a person for the remainder of the term of the person who vacated the office; or
- (b) appoint a person for the term mentioned in subsection (3).

MANAGEMENT AND REDUCTION OF GREENHOUSE GASES

- (6) No member of the council, other than the minister or a member of the council who is also a member of the public service, shall hold office for more than two consecutive terms.
- (7) The council shall meet at the request of the minister.
- (8) The minister is the chairperson of the council.
- (9) The council shall advise the minister on:
 - (a) matters relating to greenhouse gas emissions, climate change and adaptation to climate change;
 - (b) best management practices to address climate change and adaptation to climate change; and
 - (c) any other matter determined by the minister.
- (10) Members of the council, other than the minister, are entitled to the following:
 - (a) except for those members of the council who are members of the public service of Saskatchewan, remuneration for their services at the rates approved by the Lieutenant Governor in Council; and
 - (b) reimbursement for their expenses incurred in the performance of their responsibilities at rates approved by the Lieutenant Governor in Council for members of the public service.
- (11) The minister shall provide any technical, clerical and other assistance that the council may require and that the minister considers reasonable.

PART V
Office of Climate Change

Interpretation

10 In this Part, “**office**” means the Office of Climate Change established pursuant to section 11.

Office established

11(1) The Office of Climate Change is established within the ministry.

(2) The co-ordinator appointed pursuant to section 12 is responsible for managing and administering the affairs of the office.

Co-ordinator of office

12(1) The minister shall appoint a co-ordinator of the office.

(2) The co-ordinator designated pursuant to subsection (1) shall:

- (a) subject to the direction of the minister, represent the Government of Saskatchewan on matters related to climate change and adaptation to climate change; and
- (b) perform any other duties assigned by the minister.

MANAGEMENT AND REDUCTION OF GREENHOUSE GASES

Purposes of office

13 The purposes of the office are to:

- (a) prepare, co-ordinate and implement the Saskatchewan Initiatives;
- (b) promote the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions in Saskatchewan; and
- (c) assist Saskatchewan residents and Saskatchewan's economy to adapt to climate change and to address the impacts of climate change.

Activities of office

14 Without restricting the minister's right to exercise any of the minister's powers pursuant to this Act, the minister may direct the office to do any of the following:

- (a) guide, promote, co-ordinate and implement policies, strategies and programs respecting greenhouse gas emissions, climate change and adaptation to climate change;
- (b) undertake planning, research and investigations and make forecasts respecting greenhouse gas emissions, climate change and adaptation to climate change;
- (c) install, operate and maintain, or cause to be installed, operated or maintained, devices to measure greenhouse gases;
- (d) obtain and collect data respecting greenhouse gas emissions, climate change and adaptation to climate change;
- (e) provide information to the public, and undertake programs of education, awareness and demonstration, respecting greenhouse gas emissions, climate change and adaptation to climate change;
- (f) promote the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions and the sequestration of greenhouse gases;
- (g) maintain records of greenhouse gas emissions;
- (h) recommend targets for reductions of greenhouse gas emissions;
- (i) establish and maintain registries of offsets;
- (j) develop or adopt any guideline, standard, objective, management criterion, protocol or similar instrument;
- (k) at the request of the minister, make recommendations on any matters governed by this Act;
- (l) undertake any other duties that the minister may direct, other than the development or adoption of codes.

Annual report

15(1) In each fiscal year, the office shall, in accordance with *The Tabling of Documents Act, 1991*, submit to the minister an annual report on the activities of the office for the preceding fiscal year.

(2) The minister shall, in accordance with *The Tabling of Documents Act, 1991*, lay before the Legislative Assembly each report received by the minister pursuant to this section.

MANAGEMENT AND REDUCTION OF GREENHOUSE GASES

PART VI
**Regulated Emitters and Greenhouse Gas
Emission Reduction Programs**

DIVISION 1
Regulated Emitters

Establishment of baseline emission level

16(1) Every regulated emitter shall:

- (a) establish a baseline emission level for each facility owned or operated by that regulated emitter; or
 - (b) in the case of a regulated emitter that is a member of a prescribed class of regulated emitters, establish a baseline emission level for some or all facilities owned or operated by that regulated emitter in any prescribed manner.
- (2) The baseline emission level for each regulated emitter must be calculated in the prescribed manner.
- (3) Every regulated emitter shall apply to the minister by the prescribed date to have the baseline emission level approved by the minister.
- (4) When submitting the baseline emission level for the minister's approval, the regulated emitter shall include an opinion from a qualified person verifying the accuracy of the calculation made pursuant to subsection (2).
- (5) The minister may:
- (a) approve the baseline emission level established pursuant to subsection (1) if the minister is satisfied that the regulated emitter has established an accurate baseline emission level; or
 - (b) refuse to approve the baseline emission level.
- (6) If the minister refuses to approve the baseline emission level pursuant to subsection (5), the minister may require a regulated emitter to:
- (a) recalculate the baseline emission level; and
 - (b) resubmit the baseline emission level for the minister's approval.
- (7) If the minister does not approve the recalculation of a baseline emission level pursuant to subsection (6), the minister may:
- (a) require a further recalculation in accordance with subsection (6); or
 - (b) subject to subsections (8) and (9), assess and fix the baseline emission level for the regulated emitter.

MANAGEMENT AND REDUCTION OF GREENHOUSE GASES

(8) Before the minister takes any action pursuant to clause (7)(b), the minister shall:

- (a) serve written notice of the minister's intention to act and the reasons for doing so on the regulated emitter; and
- (b) give the regulated emitter an opportunity to make written representations to the minister, within 30 days after the written notice mentioned in clause (a) is served, as to why the minister should not act pursuant to that clause.

(9) If the minister assesses and fixes a baseline emission level for a regulated emitter pursuant to clause (7)(b), the minister shall advise the regulated emitter in writing of the baseline emission level that is assessed and fixed.

Reduction in emissions required

17 For each prescribed year, every regulated emitter shall reduce its greenhouse gas emissions by the prescribed amount below the baseline emission level for the regulated emitter established pursuant to section 16.

Returns

18(1) Every regulated emitter shall submit to the minister a return that:

- (a) shows the regulated emitter's greenhouse gas emissions; and
- (b) contains the prescribed information.

(2) A return required by subsection (1) must be submitted on or before the prescribed date.

(3) Subject to the regulations and to any code, when calculating the greenhouse gas emissions for the return required by subsection (1), the regulated emitter may deduct:

- (a) any offsets acquired by the regulated emitter and used by the regulated emitter towards its prescribed reduction requirements;
- (b) any amount of tonnes of CO₂e allocated to the regulated emitter by the minister as a result of investment by that regulated emitter in a pre-certified investment;
- (c) any amount of tonnes of CO₂e allocated to the regulated emitter by the minister with respect to a recognition for early action; and
- (d) any other amounts of tonnes of CO₂e that may be permitted by the minister.

(4) When submitting the return required by subsection (1) for the first time, a regulated emitter shall include an opinion from a qualified person verifying the accuracy of the return.

(5) The minister may, by notice in writing to a regulated emitter, require that a return by that regulated emitter after its first return include an opinion from a qualified person verifying the accuracy of a return or returns specified in the written notice.

(6) A written notice given pursuant to subsection (5) is effective for the return or returns specified in the written notice.

MANAGEMENT AND REDUCTION OF GREENHOUSE GASES

(7) If the minister gives a written notice pursuant to subsection (5), the opinion from a qualified person must be provided by the later of:

- (a) the date on which the return with respect to which the minister has required the opinion is to be submitted pursuant to subsection (2); and
- (b) the day that is 90 days after the date on which the minister gives a written notice pursuant to subsection (5).

Carbon compliance payment

19(1) For each calendar year in which a regulated emitter has not reduced its greenhouse gas emissions as required by section 17, the regulated emitter shall pay to the Fund a carbon compliance payment.

(2) The amount of a carbon compliance payment a regulated emitter shall pay is the positive amount CCP calculated in accordance with the following formula:

$$CCP = [A - P - O - PCI - REA - OA] \times C$$

where:

A is the regulated emitter's actual greenhouse gas emissions level for the year;

P is the regulated emitter's prescribed greenhouse gas emissions level for the year after application of the reductions that are required pursuant to section 17;

O is any offset utilized by the regulated emitter for the year towards achievement of its prescribed reductions in accordance with subsection 18(3);

PCI is the number of tonnes of CO₂e allocated to the regulated emitter by the minister as a result of investment by that regulated emitter in a pre-certified investment that the regulated emitter is able to include during the year towards the achievement of its prescribed reductions;

REA is the number of tonnes of CO₂e allocated to the regulated emitter by the minister with respect to recognition for early action that the regulated emitter is able to include in the year towards the achievement of its prescribed reductions;

OA is the amount of other tonnes of CO₂e that the minister permits the regulated emitter to deduct pursuant to clause 18(3)(d); and

C is the carbon compliance price.

(3) A regulated emitter shall pay the carbon compliance payment to the Fund before filing its return required pursuant to section 18.

(4) A regulated emitter's greenhouse gas emissions level for a year must be used to determine the regulated emitter's carbon compliance payment for that year.

(5) Unless otherwise prescribed, section 18 and this section:

- (a) apply to each facility owned or operated by a regulated emitter; and
- (b) in the case of a class of regulated emitters prescribed for the purposes of clause 16(1)(b), apply in the prescribed manner to all facilities owned or operated by a regulated emitter.

MANAGEMENT AND REDUCTION OF GREENHOUSE GASES

- (6) Before an offset can be included in a calculation pursuant to this section, it must satisfy the requirements of this Act, the regulations and the codes.
- (7) If a regulated emitter fails to pay a carbon compliance payment within the time required by this section:
- (a) the amount of the carbon compliance payment is a debt due and owing to the Fund;
 - (b) the regulated emitter is liable to the Fund, in addition to the amount of the carbon compliance payment, for interest, not to exceed the prescribed rate, on the amount of the unpaid carbon compliance payment from the day that the carbon compliance payment was required to be paid to the day that it is paid; and
 - (c) the Fund may recover the carbon compliance payment and any interest pursuant to clause (b) in any manner authorized by law.

DIVISION 2

Greenhouse Gas Emission Reduction Programs and other Programs**Greenhouse gas emission reduction programs**

- 20(1)** In this section and in section 78, “**entity**” means any prescribed person, ministry, agency, board, commission, organization, association, institution or body or class of prescribed persons, ministries, agencies, boards, commissions, organizations, associations, institutions or bodies.
- (2) A prescribed entity or a member of a prescribed class of entities shall develop, implement and provide reports, within any prescribed period, on greenhouse gas emissions, a greenhouse gas emission reduction program and any program that is prescribed for the purposes of this Act.
- (3) A prescribed electrical utility or a member of a prescribed class of electrical utilities or any prescribed person providing natural gas services or member of a prescribed class of persons providing natural gas services shall:
- (a) examine conservation measures and evaluate energy choices when examining:
 - (i) greenhouse gas emission reduction programs; and
 - (ii) any other program that is prescribed for the purposes of this Act; and
 - (b) report to the minister at the prescribed times.
- (4) A report submitted pursuant to this section must contain the prescribed information.

MANAGEMENT AND REDUCTION OF GREENHOUSE GASES

Specified emitter greenhouse gas emission reduction programs

21 The minister may require persons who emit greenhouse gases and who are not regulated emitters to:

- (a) develop and implement greenhouse gas emission reduction programs in the manner and to the extent that the minister may determine; and
- (b) provide reports on the greenhouse gas emission reduction programs mentioned in clause (a) at the times and containing the information that the minister may specify.

PART VII

Special Non-profit Corporations

DIVISION 1

Fund**Fund established**

22(1) The Saskatchewan Technology Fund Corp. is established as a not-for-profit corporation without share capital.

(2) The Fund shall not seek status as a charity pursuant to the *Income Tax Act* (Canada), nor carry on activities that would be considered as making it a charity pursuant to the *Income Tax Act* (Canada).

Purposes of Fund

23 The purposes of the Fund are:

- (a) to manage carbon compliance payments from regulated emitters and any other moneys that the Fund is authorized to hold pursuant to this Act or the regulations;
- (b) to issue receipts to:
 - (i) a regulated emitter for carbon compliance payments made to the Fund by the regulated emitter; and
 - (ii) any other person that makes a payment to the Fund;
- (c) to promote the development of climate change programs and procedures by and among regulated emitters that, in the opinion of the Fund, will assist in achieving the Saskatchewan Initiatives and will result in regulated emitters reducing their greenhouse gas emissions in Saskatchewan;
- (d) to promote the development, achievement and sustainability of the Saskatchewan Initiatives, other climate change initiatives and other matters related to climate change and adaptation to climate change; and
- (e) to promote the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions and other matters related to climate change and adaptation to climate change generally by supporting the work of the other corporations established pursuant to this Part, including transferring or paying moneys of the Fund to those corporations in any amounts and at any times that the Fund may determine.

MANAGEMENT AND REDUCTION OF GREENHOUSE GASES

Powers of Fund**24** The Fund may:

- (a) issue receipts to:
 - (i) a regulated emitter for carbon compliance payments made to the Fund by the regulated emitter; and
 - (ii) any other person that makes a payment to the Fund;
- (b) invest any of its money that it does not immediately require for its purposes in any securities authorized for the investment of moneys in the general revenue fund and dispose of those investments and reinvest the proceeds in similar investments;
- (c) subject to this Act, the regulations and its bylaws, provide financial assistance by way of a loan, grant, guarantee, investment or any other means to regulated emitters to assist in activities related to any of the following:
 - (i) carbon capture and storage;
 - (ii) energy conservation;
 - (iii) low-emitting technologies and processes;
 - (iv) reductions of greenhouse gas emissions;
- (d) pay to the other corporations established pursuant to this Part any moneys that the Fund may determine and that are not otherwise required by the Fund for its purposes;
- (e) establish bylaws that are consistent with its purposes, this Act and the regulations; and
- (f) do all those things that the Fund considers necessary, incidental or conducive to the carrying out of its purposes.

Power to provide financial assistance to regulated emitters

25(1) Without limiting the generality of its powers provided in section 24, the Fund may provide financial assistance to a regulated emitter in accordance with this section for the purpose of assisting the regulated emitter to reduce its greenhouse gas emissions.

(2) A regulated emitter that wishes to obtain financial assistance from the Fund for the purpose of reducing the regulated emitter's greenhouse gas emissions may apply to the Fund.

(3) An application pursuant to subsection (2) must:

- (a) propose a plan that will reduce the applicant's greenhouse gas emissions in a manner that the Fund considers reasonable and achievable; and
- (b) be in a form acceptable to the Fund and contain any information that the Fund may require.

MANAGEMENT AND REDUCTION OF GREENHOUSE GASES

- (4) In considering whether or not to approve an application pursuant to this section, the Fund shall consider the following:
- (a) the impact that the proposed plan by the regulated emitter may have or has had on climate change and the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions in Saskatchewan;
 - (b) the impact of the proposed plan on the greenhouse gas emissions of the regulated emitter;
 - (c) the proposed cost incurred or to be incurred for the proposed plan;
 - (d) the record of the regulated emitter in achieving other initiatives respecting reductions of greenhouse gas emissions and complying with this Act, the regulations and any codes;
 - (e) the evidence, scientific or otherwise, that supports the proposed plan;
 - (f) any prescribed terms, conditions, restrictions and parameters;
 - (g) any terms, conditions, restrictions and parameters established by the Fund;
 - (h) any other matters that the Fund considers appropriate.
- (5) After considering an application pursuant to this section, the Fund may:
- (a) if the Fund is satisfied that the application complies with this section and that it is appropriate to do so, approve the application; or
 - (b) refuse to approve the application.
- (6) When approving an application or at any time after the approval, the Fund may impose any terms and conditions on the payment of financial assistance that the Fund considers appropriate, including terms and conditions:
- (a) establishing timelines to achieve the matters dealt with in the proposed plan;
 - (b) specifying how payment of financial assistance is to be made to the regulated emitter; and
 - (c) specifying how the regulated emitter shall carry out the proposed plan and how that carrying out is to be monitored and measured.

Membership of Fund

26 The membership of the Fund consists of not more than 11 persons appointed by the Lieutenant Governor in Council.

Board of Fund

27(1) The board of directors of the Fund consists of those persons who are appointed to constitute the Fund pursuant to section 26.

- (2) Subject to subsections (3) to (5), a person appointed pursuant to section 26:
- (a) holds office at pleasure for a period not exceeding three years and, notwithstanding the expiry of his or her term, continues to hold office until his or her successor is appointed; and
 - (b) is eligible for reappointment.

MANAGEMENT AND REDUCTION OF GREENHOUSE GASES

- (3) No member of the board shall hold office for more than two consecutive terms.
- (4) If a member of the board dies or resigns, the person ceases to be a member of the board on the date of death or on the date on which the resignation is received by the board, as the case may be.
- (5) If the office of a person appointed pursuant to section 26 becomes vacant, the Lieutenant Governor in Council may:
 - (a) appoint a person for the remainder of the term of the person who vacated the office; or
 - (b) appoint a person for the term mentioned in subsection (2).
- (6) A vacancy in the membership of the board does not impair the power of the remaining members of the board to act.
- (7) Subsections (3) and (5) do not apply to the minister if the minister is appointed as a member of the Fund pursuant to section 26.
- (8) Notwithstanding anything in *The Legislative Assembly and Executive Council Act, 2007*, if a member of the Legislative Assembly is appointed a member of the Fund, he or she shall not, by reason of the appointment or of any payment to him or her pursuant to this Act, vacate his or her seat or be disqualified from sitting or voting in the Legislative Assembly.

Chairperson and vice-chairperson

- 28(1)** The Lieutenant Governor in Council shall designate one member of the board of the Fund as chairperson of the board and may designate another member of the board as vice-chairperson of the board.
- (2) The chairperson shall:
 - (a) preside over all meetings of the board; and
 - (b) perform all the duties that may be imposed on, and may exercise all the powers that may be assigned to, the chairperson by resolution of the board.
- (3) In the absence of the chairperson, the vice-chairperson may exercise the powers of the chairperson and shall perform the duties of the chairperson.

Fund not agent of the Crown

- 29** The Fund is not an agent of the Crown.

DIVISION 2

Saskatchewan Climate Research and Development Corp.**Research Corporation established**

- 30(1)** The Saskatchewan Climate Research and Development Corp. is established as a not-for-profit corporation without share capital.
- (2) The Research Corporation shall not seek status as a charity pursuant to the *Income Tax Act* (Canada), nor carry on activities that would be considered as making it a charity pursuant to the *Income Tax Act* (Canada).

MANAGEMENT AND REDUCTION OF GREENHOUSE GASES

Purposes of Research Corporation

31(1) The purposes of the Research Corporation are:

- (a) to carry on activities that further and promote scientific research and experimental development in Canada in matters relating to climate change, adaptation to climate change and reduction of greenhouse gas emissions;
 - (b) to provide financial assistance to further and promote scientific research and experimental development in Canada in matters relating to climate change, adaptation to climate change and reductions of greenhouse gas emissions; and
 - (c) to provide financial assistance to universities, colleges, research institutes or similar institutions for scientific research and experimental development in Canada in matters relating to climate change, adaptation to climate change and reductions of greenhouse gas emissions.
- (2) The Research Corporation shall engage in or support scientific research and experimental development in a manner consistent with the *Income Tax Act* (Canada).

Powers of Research Corporation

32 The Research Corporation may:

- (a) invest any of its money that it does not immediately require for its purposes in any securities authorized for the investment of moneys in the general revenue fund and dispose of those investments and reinvest the proceeds in similar investments;
- (b) subject to the terms of this Act, the regulations and its bylaws, provide financial assistance by way of a loan, grant, guarantee, investment or any other means, respecting activities that relate to the purposes of the Research Corporation;
- (c) establish bylaws that are consistent with its purposes, this Act and the regulations; and
- (d) do all those things that it considers necessary, incidental or conducive to the carrying out of its purposes.

Membership of Research Corporation

33 The membership of the Research Corporation consists of not more than 11 persons appointed by the Lieutenant Governor in Council.

Board of Research Corporation

34(1) The board of directors of the Research Corporation consists of those persons who are appointed to constitute the Research Corporation pursuant to section 33.

- (2) Subject to subsections (3) to (5), a person appointed pursuant to section 33:
- (a) holds office at pleasure for a period not exceeding three years and, notwithstanding the expiry of his or her term, continues to hold office until his or her successor is appointed; and
 - (b) is eligible for reappointment.

MANAGEMENT AND REDUCTION OF GREENHOUSE GASES

- (3) No member of the board shall hold office for more than two consecutive terms.
- (4) If a member of the board dies or resigns, the person ceases to be a member of the board on the date of death or on the date on which the resignation is received by the board, as the case may be.
- (5) If the office of a person appointed pursuant to section 33 becomes vacant, the Lieutenant Governor in Council may:
- (a) appoint a person for the remainder of the term of the person who vacated the office; or
 - (b) appoint a person for the term mentioned in subsection (2).
- (6) A vacancy in the membership of the board does not impair the power of the remaining members of the board to act.
- (7) Subsections (3) and (5) do not apply to the minister if the minister is appointed as a member of the Research Corporation pursuant to section 33.
- (8) Notwithstanding anything in *The Legislative Assembly and Executive Council Act, 2007*, if a member of the Legislative Assembly is appointed a member of the Research Corporation, he or she shall not, by reason of the appointment or of any payment to him or her pursuant to this Act, vacate his or her seat or be disqualified from sitting or voting in the Legislative Assembly.

Chairperson and vice-chairperson

- 35(1)** The Lieutenant Governor in Council shall designate one member of the board of the Research Corporation as chairperson of the board and may designate another member of the board as vice-chairperson of the board.
- (2) The chairperson shall:
- (a) preside over all meetings of the board; and
 - (b) perform all the duties that may be imposed on, and may exercise all the powers that may be assigned to, the chairperson by resolution of the board.
- (3) In the absence of the chairperson, the vice-chairperson may exercise the powers of the chairperson and shall perform the duties of the chairperson.

Research Corporation not agent of the Crown

- 36** The Research Corporation is not an agent of the Crown.

DIVISION 3

Saskatchewan Climate Change Foundation**Foundation established**

- 37(1)** The Saskatchewan Climate Change Foundation is established as a not-for-profit corporation without share capital.
- (2) The Foundation shall conduct itself in furthering its purposes in a manner consistent with those of a charitable foundation within the meaning of the *Income Tax Act* (Canada).

MANAGEMENT AND REDUCTION OF GREENHOUSE GASES

Purposes of Foundation

38 The purposes of the Foundation are:

- (a) to promote, coordinate, facilitate or otherwise assist in any effort, endeavour, undertaking, activity, program, enterprise or plan that deals with matters related to:
 - (i) climate change and adaptation to climate change;
 - (ii) reductions of greenhouse gas emissions; or
 - (iii) other environmental issues including pollution, environmental sustainability, environmental remediation and environmental preservation;
- (b) to promote, coordinate, facilitate or otherwise assist in any effort, endeavour, undertaking, activity, program, enterprise or plan that enhances and promotes education, awareness and demonstration respecting greenhouse gas emissions, climate change and adaptation to climate change; and
- (c) to provide financial assistance to qualified donees that are active in, have programs that address or deal with or are otherwise engaged in activities that:
 - (i) relate to climate change, adaptation to climate change, greenhouse gas emissions and reductions of greenhouse gas emissions or environmental initiatives; and
 - (ii) meet the criteria and qualifications determined by this Act, the regulations and its bylaws.

Powers of Foundation

39 The Foundation may:

- (a) carry on its purposes as a charitable corporation;
- (b) make donations and otherwise provide financial assistance by way of a loan, grant, guarantee, investment or any other means to qualified donees, as it considers appropriate in accordance with this Act, the regulations and its bylaws;
- (c) invest any of its money that it does not immediately require for its purposes in any securities authorized for the investment of moneys in the general revenue fund and dispose of those investments and reinvest the proceeds in similar investments;
- (d) establish bylaws that are consistent with its purposes, this Act and the regulations; and
- (e) do all those things that it considers necessary, incidental or conducive to the carrying out of its purposes.

Membership of Foundation

40 The membership of the Foundation consists of not more than 11 persons appointed by the Lieutenant Governor in Council.

MANAGEMENT AND REDUCTION OF GREENHOUSE GASES

Board of Foundation

41(1) The board of directors of the Foundation consists of those persons who are appointed to constitute the Foundation pursuant to section 40.

- (2) Subject to subsections (3) to (5), a person appointed pursuant to section 40:
 - (a) holds office at pleasure for a period not exceeding three years and, notwithstanding the expiry of his or her term, continues to hold office until his or her successor is appointed; and
 - (b) is eligible for reappointment.
- (3) No member of the board shall hold office for more than two consecutive terms.
- (4) If a member of the board dies or resigns, the person ceases to be a member of the board on the date of death or on the date on which the resignation is received by the board, as the case may be.
- (5) If the office of a person appointed pursuant to section 40 becomes vacant, the Lieutenant Governor in Council may:
 - (a) appoint a person for the remainder of the term of the person who vacated the office; or
 - (b) appoint a person for the term mentioned in subsection (2).
- (6) A vacancy in the membership of the board does not impair the power of the remaining members of the board to act.
- (7) Subsections (3) and (5) do not apply to the minister if the minister is appointed as a member of the Foundation pursuant to section 40.
- (8) Notwithstanding anything in *The Legislative Assembly and Executive Council Act, 2007*, if a member of the Legislative Assembly is appointed a member of the Foundation, he or she shall not, by reason of the appointment or of any payment to him or her pursuant to this Act, vacate his or her seat or be disqualified from sitting or voting in the Legislative Assembly.

Chairperson and vice-chairperson

42(1) The Lieutenant Governor in Council shall designate one member of the board of the Foundation as chairperson of the board and may designate another member of the board as vice-chairperson of the board.

- (2) The chairperson shall:
 - (a) preside over all meetings of the board; and
 - (b) perform all the duties that may be imposed on, and may exercise all the powers that may be assigned to, the chairperson by resolution of the board.
- (3) In the absence of the chairperson, the vice-chairperson may exercise the powers of the chairperson and shall perform the duties of the chairperson.

Foundation not agent of the Crown

43 The Foundation is not an agent of the Crown.

MANAGEMENT AND REDUCTION OF GREENHOUSE GASES

DIVISION 4
Environment Corporation**Environment Corporation established**

44(1) The Saskatchewan Environment Corporation is established as a not-for-profit corporation without share capital.

(2) The Environment Corporation shall not seek status as a charity pursuant to the *Income Tax Act* (Canada), nor carry on activities that would be considered as making it a charity pursuant to the *Income Tax Act* (Canada).

Purposes of Environment Corporation

45 The purposes of the Environment Corporation are:

(a) to provide financial assistance to any person by way of a loan, grant, guarantee or investment, and any other means, respecting activities related to any of the following:

(i) carbon capture and storage;

(ii) energy conservation;

(iii) low-emitting technologies and processes;

(iv) adaptation to climate change;

(v) education and public awareness programs related to climate change and adaptation to climate change;

(b) to promote, coordinate, facilitate or otherwise assist in any effort, endeavour, undertaking, activity, program, enterprise or plan that deals with matters mentioned in clause (a); and

(c) to promote education, awareness and demonstration respecting greenhouse gas emissions, climate change and adaptation to climate change.

Powers of Environment Corporation

46 The Environment Corporation may:

(a) subject to this Act, the regulations and its bylaws, provide financial assistance by way of a loan, grant, guarantee, investment or any other means to an accepted applicant;

(b) invest any of its moneys that it does not immediately require for its purposes in any securities authorized for the investment of moneys in the general revenue fund and dispose of those investments and reinvest the proceeds in similar investments;

(c) establish bylaws that are consistent with its purposes, this Act and the regulations; and

(d) do all those things that it considers necessary, incidental or conducive to the carrying out of its purposes.

Membership of Environment Corporation

47 The membership of the Environment Corporation consists of not more than 11 persons appointed by the Lieutenant Governor in Council.

MANAGEMENT AND REDUCTION OF GREENHOUSE GASES

Board of Environment Corporation

48(1) The board of directors of the Environment Corporation consists of those persons who are appointed to constitute the Environment Corporation pursuant to section 47.

- (2) Subject to subsections (3) to (5), a person appointed pursuant to section 47:
- (a) holds office at pleasure for a period not exceeding three years and, notwithstanding the expiry of his or her term, continues to hold office until his or her successor is appointed; and
 - (b) is eligible for reappointment.
- (3) No member of the board shall hold office for more than two consecutive terms.
- (4) If a member of the board dies or resigns, the person ceases to be a member of the board on the date of death or on the date on which the resignation is received by the board, as the case may be.
- (5) If the office of a person appointed pursuant to section 47 becomes vacant, the Lieutenant Governor in Council may:
- (a) appoint a person for the remainder of the term of the person who vacated the office; or
 - (b) appoint a person for the term mentioned in subsection (2).
- (6) A vacancy in the membership of the board does not impair the power of the remaining members of the board to act.
- (7) Subsections (3) and (5) do not apply to the minister if the minister is appointed as a member of the Environment Corporation pursuant to section 47.
- (8) Notwithstanding anything in *The Legislative Assembly and Executive Council Act, 2007*, if a member of the Legislative Assembly is appointed a member of the Environment Corporation, he or she shall not, by reason of the appointment or of any payment to him or her pursuant to this Act, vacate his or her seat or be disqualified from sitting or voting in the Legislative Assembly.

Chairperson and vice-chairperson

49(1) The Lieutenant Governor in Council shall designate one member of the board of the Environment Corporation as chairperson of the board and may designate another member of the board as vice-chairperson of the board.

- (2) The chairperson shall:
- (a) preside over all meetings of the board; and
 - (b) perform all the duties that may be imposed on, and may exercise all the powers that may be assigned to, the chairperson by resolution of the board.
- (3) In the absence of the chairperson, the vice-chairperson may exercise the powers of the chairperson and shall perform the duties of the chairperson.

Environment Corporation not agent of the Crown

50 The Environment Corporation is not an agent of the Crown.

MANAGEMENT AND REDUCTION OF GREENHOUSE GASES

DIVISION 5
General Matters re Special Non-profit Corporations

Interpretation of Division

51 In this Division and in section 78, “**special non-profit corporation**” means:

- (a) the Fund;
- (b) the Research Corporation;
- (c) the Foundation; or
- (d) the Environment Corporation.

Application of *Non-profit Corporations Act, 1995*

52 The prescribed provisions of *The Non-profit Corporations Act, 1995* apply to the special non-profit corporations in the prescribed manner.

Head office

53 The head office of a special non-profit corporation is to be at any location in Saskatchewan that the Lieutenant Governor in Council may designate.

General powers of special non-profit corporations

54 In addition to any other powers provided pursuant to this Act, each special non-profit corporation may:

- (a) enter into agreements with any person, government, agency, organization, association, institution or body;
- (b) set the amount of, and charge, a fee for any service it provides;
- (c) purchase, lease or otherwise acquire any personal property;
- (d) lease real property;
- (e) sell, lease or otherwise dispose of any of its property;
- (f) accept grants, donations, gifts and bequests of any property and, subject to the terms of the grant, donation, gift or bequest, sell or otherwise dispose of that property;
- (g) in the case of the Research Corporation, the Foundation and the Environment Corporation, accept moneys from the Fund; and
- (h) accept moneys appropriated by the Legislature or the Parliament of Canada.

Reports

55 The minister may require a special non-profit corporation to prepare any reports or provide information on its activities in any form and within any time specified by the minister.

Fiscal year

56 The fiscal year of a special non-profit corporation is the period commencing on April 1 in one year and ending on March 31 of the following year.

MANAGEMENT AND REDUCTION OF GREENHOUSE GASES

Audit

57 The Provincial Auditor or any other auditor or firm of auditors that the Lieutenant Governor in Council may appoint shall audit the accounts and financial statements of each special non-profit corporation:

- (a) annually; and
- (b) at any other times that the Lieutenant Governor in Council may require.

Annual report

58(1) Each special non-profit corporation shall, in accordance with *The Tabling of Documents Act, 1991*, submit to the minister:

- (a) a report on the activities of the special non-profit corporation for the preceding fiscal year; and
- (b) a financial statement showing the financial position of the special non-profit corporation for the preceding fiscal year in any form that may be required by the minister.

(2) The minister shall, in accordance with *The Tabling of Documents Act, 1991*, lay before the Legislative Assembly each report and statement received by the minister pursuant to this section.

PART VIII

Administration, Inspections and Enforcement**Public information**

59(1) Subject to subsection (2), all information, data, test results, reports, returns and records submitted to the minister pursuant to this Act, the regulations or the codes are deemed to be public information.

(2) Subject to the regulations, a person who submits an application, files a report or return or responds to a direction of the minister pursuant to this Act may request in writing that all or any information in the application or report be kept confidential for a period of up to five years after the date of submission on the basis that the information is commercial, financial, scientific or technical information that would reveal proprietary business, competitive or trade secret information about that person's business.

(3) A request made pursuant to subsection (3) is to be dealt with in the prescribed manner.

Minister may apply for compliance or enjoining order

60(1) The minister may apply, by notice of motion, to a judge of the Court of Queen's Bench for either or both of the following:

- (a) an order compelling a person to comply with this Act, the regulations or the codes;
- (b) an order enjoining any person from proceeding contrary to this Act, the regulations or the codes.

MANAGEMENT AND REDUCTION OF GREENHOUSE GASES

(2) On an application pursuant to this section, the judge of the Court of Queen's Bench may make the order requested, or any other order that the judge considers appropriate, on any terms and conditions that the judge considers appropriate.

(3) The minister may apply for an order pursuant to subsection (1) whether or not an order pursuant to this Act, the regulations or the codes has been issued with respect to the matter.

Minister may direct production of information

61(1) The minister may direct any person engaged in any commercial or other prescribed activity in Saskatchewan that produces greenhouse gases to:

- (a) calculate the greenhouse gas emissions of that activity in the manner directed by the minister;
- (b) conduct tests to determine greenhouse gas emissions as directed by the minister;
- (c) file reports with the minister containing information specified by the minister; and
- (d) have the information mentioned in clauses (a) and (b) verified by a qualified person.

(2) Before taking any action authorized pursuant to subsection (1), the minister shall:

- (a) serve a written notice on the person indicating that the minister is contemplating that action; and
- (b) give that person the opportunity to make written representations, within 30 days after being served with the written notice, as to why the minister should not proceed with taking that action.

Inspections

62(1) Subject to subsection 65(4), for any purpose relating to the administration or enforcement of this Act, an enforcement officer may do any of the following:

- (a) enter at any reasonable time and inspect any commercial premises used by a regulated emitter or any other person who the enforcement officer has reasonable grounds to believe has records of a regulated emitter;
- (b) enter at any reasonable time and inspect any place, including any premises or vehicle, in which the enforcement officer has reasonable grounds to believe that:
 - (i) there is anything to which this Act applies;
 - (ii) any activity to which this Act applies has been carried on, is being carried on or is likely to be carried on; or
 - (iii) there are records that are required to be kept pursuant to this Act or that relate to the administration of this Act;

MANAGEMENT AND REDUCTION OF GREENHOUSE GASES

- (c) require the owner or any person in possession of a place, including any premises or vehicle, being inspected pursuant to this section and any agent, representative, partner, director or employee of the owner or person, to:
 - (i) answer any questions that may be relevant to the administration or enforcement of this Act; and
 - (ii) provide the enforcement officer with all reasonable assistance;
 - (d) for the purposes of clause (c), require any of the persons mentioned in that clause to attend at a place and time set by the enforcement officer;
 - (e) require any of the persons mentioned in clause (c) to produce:
 - (i) anything to which this Act applies; or
 - (ii) any records that:
 - (A) are required to be kept pursuant to this Act or that relate to the administration of this Act; and
 - (B) the enforcement officer reasonably requires;
 - (f) inspect anything to which this Act applies or any record that is required to be kept pursuant to this Act or that relates to the administration of this Act.
- (2) If the enforcement officer requires any records to be produced pursuant to this section, the enforcement officer may examine the records and make copies of the records in accordance with section 66.
- (3) For the purposes of producing a readable record from a computer system or other data storage, processing or retrieval device belonging to or used by a person who is required to produce any records pursuant to this section, the enforcement officer may use that computer system, including the computer hardware or software, or other data storage, processing or retrieval device.
- (4) If an enforcement officer is unable to produce a readable record from a computer system or other data storage, processing or retrieval device belonging to or used by a person who is required to produce any records pursuant to this section, the enforcement officer may, after giving a receipt:
- (a) remove any computer hardware and software and any other data storage, processing or retrieval device required to produce a readable record;
 - (b) produce that record with reasonable dispatch; and
 - (c) promptly return the computer hardware and software and any other data storage, processing or retrieval device to:
 - (i) the place from which they were removed; or
 - (ii) any other place that may be agreed to by the enforcement officer and the person from whom they were taken.

MANAGEMENT AND REDUCTION OF GREENHOUSE GASES

Additional powers on inspection

63 In addition to the powers mentioned in section 62, in carrying out an inspection pursuant to this Act, an enforcement officer may do all or any of the following:

- (a) open or cause to be opened any container found in the place that the enforcement officer believes on reasonable grounds contains anything to which this Act applies;
- (b) take samples of anything to which this Act applies;
- (c) conduct any tests or analyses and take any measurements.

Duty to assist

64(1) No person shall fail to answer questions or to provide reasonable assistance in accordance with section 62 or 63 in the manner and within the period specified by the enforcement officer.

(2) No person shall fail to produce any records or thing to which this Act applies in accordance with section 62 or 63 within the period reasonably required by the enforcement officer.

Investigations

65(1) If a justice or provincial court judge is satisfied by information on the oath of an enforcement officer that there are reasonable grounds to believe that an offence against this Act has occurred and that evidence of that offence is likely to be found, the justice or provincial court judge may issue a warrant to do all or any of the following:

- (a) enter and search any place, including any premises or vehicle, named or described in the warrant;
- (b) seize and remove anything that may be evidence of an offence against this Act.

(2) With a warrant issued pursuant to subsection (1), an enforcement officer may do all or any of the following:

- (a) enter at any time and search any place, including any premises or vehicle, named or described in the warrant;
- (b) open and examine anything that the enforcement officer finds in the place, premises or vehicle;
- (c) require the production of and examine any records or other things to which this Act applies that the enforcement officer has reasonable grounds to believe may contain information related to an offence against this Act;
- (d) remove, for the purpose of making copies, any records examined pursuant to this section and any computer hardware and software and any other data storage, processing or retrieval device required to produce a readable record;
- (e) do any of the things mentioned in clauses 63(b) and (c);
- (f) do any of the things mentioned in section 67.

MANAGEMENT AND REDUCTION OF GREENHOUSE GASES

(3) Subject to subsection (4), an enforcement officer may exercise all or any of the powers mentioned in subsection (2) without a warrant issued pursuant to this section if:

- (a) the conditions for obtaining a warrant exist; and
- (b) the enforcement officer has reasonable grounds to believe that the delay necessary to obtain a warrant would result:
 - (i) in danger to human life or safety; or
 - (ii) in the loss, removal or destruction of evidence.

(4) No enforcement officer shall enter premises that are ordinarily occupied as a private residence without a warrant issued pursuant to this section unless the occupant of those premises consents to the entry.

(5) If, pursuant to this section, an enforcement officer removes any computer hardware and software and any other data storage, processing or retrieval device required to produce a readable record, the enforcement officer shall:

- (a) produce that record with reasonable dispatch; and
- (b) promptly return the computer hardware and software and any other data storage, processing or retrieval device to:
 - (i) the place from which they were removed; or
 - (ii) any other place that may be agreed to by the enforcement officer and the person from whom they were taken.

Copies of records

66(1) If any records are inspected, examined, removed, produced or provided pursuant to section 62 or 65, an enforcement officer may make copies of those records.

(2) An enforcement officer shall:

- (a) make those copies with reasonable dispatch; and
- (b) promptly return the originals of the records to:
 - (i) the place from which they were removed; or
 - (ii) any other place that may be agreed to by the enforcement officer and the person who furnished them or from whom they were taken.

(3) If the originals of any record are to be removed from a place, the enforcement officer shall take all reasonable steps to ensure that a copy of the record is left at the place to allow business to be carried on.

(4) A document certified by the minister, an enforcement officer or any person authorized by the minister to be a copy of a record made pursuant to this section:

- (a) is admissible in evidence without proof of the office or signature of that person; and
- (b) has the same probative force as the original record.

MANAGEMENT AND REDUCTION OF GREENHOUSE GASES

Seizure of certain objects

67(1) In addition to the powers mentioned in sections 62, 63 and 65, in conducting an inspection pursuant to section 62 or 63 or in carrying out an investigation pursuant to section 65, an enforcement officer may seize anything to which this Act applies that the enforcement officer has reasonable grounds to believe is required for the purposes of determining compliance or non-compliance with this Act, the regulations or the codes.

(2) Anything to which this Act applies that is seized pursuant to subsection (1) may be removed to any place that the enforcement officer considers appropriate for the preservation and containment of the thing to which this Act applies.

(3) If an enforcement officer has custody of anything to which this Act applies that is seized pursuant to this Act and is perishable or susceptible to deterioration, the minister, the ministry or the enforcement officer may dispose of it, in whole or in part, in any manner approved by the minister, and any proceeds realized from the disposition are to be dealt with in the prescribed manner.

Obstruction

68 No person shall resist, obstruct, hinder, delay or interfere with an enforcement officer, or a person aiding an enforcement officer, in the performance of the enforcement officer's duties.

Entry on land

69(1) An enforcement officer and any person lawfully accompanying the enforcement officer may, for the purposes of carrying out his or her duties, enter on or pass over any land, whether enclosed or not.

(2) Notwithstanding anything in *The Expropriation Procedure Act*, the minister or any person designated by the minister may enter on any land for the purposes of:

- (a) securing data and obtaining information respecting greenhouse gas emissions, climate change and adaptation to climate change; and
- (b) inspecting any works related to greenhouse gas emissions, climate change and adaptation to climate change.

PART IX

Offences and Administrative Penalties**Offences**

70(1) No person shall:

- (a) make a false statement or provide false information to the minister, an enforcement officer, the ministry or any person acting on behalf of the minister;
- (b) omit to state a fact that is required to be stated or that is necessary to make a statement not misleading in light of the circumstances in which it was made to the minister, an enforcement officer, the ministry or any person acting on behalf of the minister;
- (c) fail to comply with an order of the minister issued pursuant to this Act, the regulations or the codes; or
- (d) fail to comply with any provision of this Act, the regulations or the codes.

MANAGEMENT AND REDUCTION OF GREENHOUSE GASES

- (2) Every person who contravenes a provision of this Act, the regulations or the codes is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding \$1,000,000.
- (3) Every director, officer or agent of a corporation who directed, authorized, assented to or acquiesced in or participated in an act or omission of the corporation that would constitute an offence by the corporation is guilty of that offence and is liable on summary conviction to the penalties provided for that offence whether or not the corporation has been prosecuted or convicted.
- (4) In addition to any penalty imposed pursuant to this Act, the convicting court, having regard to the nature of the offence and the circumstances surrounding its commission, may make an order doing one or more of the following:
- (a) prohibiting the convicted person from doing any act or engaging in any activity that, in the opinion of the court, may result in the continuation of the offence;
 - (b) directing the convicted person to repair any damage to the environment that resulted from the commission of the offence in a manner and within the period specified by the order;
 - (c) requiring the convicted person to take steps to prevent any damage to the environment that may result from the commission of the offence in a manner and within the period specified by the order;
 - (d) directing the convicted person to pay to the minister an amount of money as compensation, in whole or in part, for the cost of any remedial or preventative action taken by or at the direction of the minister as a result of the commission of the offence;
 - (e) in the case of a convicted person that is a regulated emitter required by this Act or the regulations to make a carbon compliance payment to the Fund, directing that the convicted person pay to the minister any amount that ought to have been paid by that convicted person to the Fund as a carbon compliance payment and any interest outstanding pursuant to this Act or the regulations;
 - (f) requiring the convicted person to do any other thing that, in the opinion of the court, is necessary in the circumstances.
- (5) If any amount is paid to the minister pursuant to clause (4)(e), the minister shall pay that amount to the Fund.
- (6) Any amount paid to the Fund pursuant to subsection (5):
- (a) with respect to any amount that ought to have been paid to the Fund as a carbon compliance payment, is to be applied to reduce the outstanding amount of the carbon compliance payment remaining unpaid by the convicted person; and
 - (b) with respect to interest outstanding that ought to have been paid to the Fund as an interest penalty, is to be applied to reduce the outstanding amount of the interest penalty remaining unpaid by the convicted person.

MANAGEMENT AND REDUCTION OF GREENHOUSE GASES

Vicarious liability

71 In any prosecution of a person for an offence pursuant to this Act, it is sufficient proof of the offence to establish, in the absence of any evidence that the offence was committed without the person's knowledge, that it was committed by an employee, helper or agent of the person, whether or not the employee, helper or agent:

- (a) is identified; or
- (b) has been prosecuted or convicted for the offence.

Limitation period on prosecutions

72 No prosecution for an offence pursuant to this Act is to be commenced after the expiration of two years from the later of:

- (a) the date the alleged offence was committed; and
- (b) the date that the minister became aware of the alleged offence.

Administrative penalty

73(1) Subject to the regulations, the minister may assess a prescribed penalty against any regulated emitter, qualified person or any other prescribed person if:

- (a) that regulated emitter, qualified person or other prescribed person has contravened any prescribed provision of this Act, the regulations or the codes; or
- (b) in the case of a regulated emitter, has failed to make a carbon compliance payment to the Fund as required by this Act or the regulations.

(2) Before assessing a penalty, the minister shall provide notice to the person mentioned in subsection (1):

- (a) setting out the facts and circumstances that, in the minister's opinion, render the person liable to a penalty;
- (b) specifying the amount of the penalty that the minister considers appropriate in the circumstances; and
- (c) informing the person of that person's right to make representations to the minister.

(3) No penalty is to be assessed by the minister more than two years after the act or omission that, in the minister's opinion, renders the person liable to a penalty.

(4) A person to whom notice is sent pursuant to subsection (2) may make representations to the minister respecting whether or not a penalty should be assessed and the amount of any penalty.

(5) A representation pursuant to subsection (4) must be made within 30 days after the person received the notice pursuant to subsection (2).

(6) After considering any representations, the minister may:

- (a) assess a penalty and set a date by which the penalty is to be paid in full; or
- (b) determine that no penalty should be assessed.

MANAGEMENT AND REDUCTION OF GREENHOUSE GASES

(7) The minister may file in the Court of Queen's Bench a certificate signed by the minister and setting out:

- (a) the amount of the administrative penalty assessed pursuant to subsection (6); and
- (b) the person from whom the administrative penalty is to be recovered.

(8) A certificate filed pursuant to this section has the same force and effect as if it were a judgment obtained in the Court of Queen's Bench for the recovery of a debt in the amount set out in the certificate, together with reasonable costs and charges with respect to its filing.

(9) The minister may assess an administrative penalty pursuant to this section notwithstanding that the facts and circumstances giving rise to the administrative penalty arose due to the actions of an employee, helper, contractor or agent of the person required to pay the administrative penalty.

(10) If any amount is paid to the minister as an administrative penalty with respect to non-payment of a carbon compliance payment or interest on that carbon compliance payment, the minister shall pay that amount to the Fund.

Appeal to the Court of Queen's Bench

74(1) Any person aggrieved by a decision of the minister to impose an administrative penalty pursuant to section 73 may appeal that decision on a question of law to a judge of the Court of Queen's Bench within 30 days after the date of the minister's decision.

(2) The record of an appeal pursuant to subsection (1) consists of:

- (a) the minister's decision;
- (b) any written representations made to the minister by the person named in the decision or by any officer or employee of the ministry respecting the decision; and
- (c) the notice of motion commencing the appeal.

(3) On hearing an appeal pursuant to this section, the judge of the Court of Queen's Bench may issue an order:

- (a) confirming the administrative penalty;
- (b) amending or varying the amount of the administrative penalty; or
- (c) quashing the minister's decision to assess an administrative penalty.

(4) In an order pursuant to subsection (3), the judge of the Court of Queen's bench may specify the period within which the order must be complied with.

MANAGEMENT AND REDUCTION OF GREENHOUSE GASES

PART X
General**Immunity**

75 No action or other proceeding lies or shall be commenced against the minister, the ministry, any enforcement officer, any person lawfully accompanying an enforcement officer, the Crown in right of Saskatchewan or officers and employees of the Crown for any loss or damage suffered by a person by reason of anything in good faith done, caused, permitted or authorized to be done, attempted to be done or omitted to be done by any one or more of them, pursuant to or in the exercise or supposed exercise of any power conferred by this Act, the regulations or the codes or in the carrying out or supposed carrying out of any function or duty imposed by this Act, the regulations or the codes.

Service of notice or documents

76(1) Any notice, order or decision required by this Act, the regulations or the codes to be given or served is to be served personally or mailed by ordinary or registered mail or by any other prescribed means to the last known address of the person being served.

(2) A document served by ordinary mail or registered mail is deemed to have been received on the seventh day following the day of its mailing, unless the person to whom it was mailed establishes that, through no fault of the person, he or she did not receive the document or that he or she received it at a later date.

(3) Irregularity in the service of a notice, order or decision does not affect the validity of an otherwise valid notice, order or decision.

Act prevails

77 This Act and the regulations prevail in the event of any conflict or inconsistency between:

- (a) this Act and the regulations; and
- (b) any code.

Regulations

78(1) The Lieutenant Governor in Council may make regulations:

- (a) defining, enlarging or restricting the meaning of any word or expression used in this Act but not defined in this Act;
- (b) for the purposes of clause 2(b), prescribing the carbon compliance price;
- (c) for the purposes of clause 2(c), prescribing the manner for determining the CO₂e amount for each particular greenhouse gas;
- (d) for the purposes of clause 2(j), prescribing additional greenhouse gases;
- (e) for the purposes of clause 2(n), respecting offsets;
- (f) for the purposes of clause 2(s), prescribing regulated emitters and the requirements to determine who is a regulated emitter or a member of a class of regulated emitters;
- (g) for the purposes of clause 2(v), prescribing initiatives, targets, plans, proceedings and goals;

MANAGEMENT AND REDUCTION OF GREENHOUSE GASES

- (h) for the purposes of clause 16(1)(b), prescribing classes of regulated emitters and the manner of establishing a baseline emission level for members of a class of regulated emitters;
- (i) for the purposes of subsection 16(2), prescribing the manner of calculating the baseline emission level;
- (j) for the purposes of subsection 16(3), prescribing dates;
- (k) for the purposes of section 17, prescribing the amount of the reduction of CO₂e from the baseline emission level for a regulated emitter or class of regulated emitters and prescribing years;
- (l) for the purposes of section 18, prescribing the dates for returns required from a regulated emitter and the required contents for returns;
- (m) for the purposes of section 19, prescribing a rate of interest;
- (n) for the purposes of section 20:
 - (i) prescribing entities, electrical utilities or persons providing natural gas services or classes of entities, electrical utilities or persons providing natural gas services;
 - (ii) prescribing elements to be included in reports for the purposes of subsection (2), and, for that purpose, prescribing different elements for different entities or different classes of entities; and
 - (iii) prescribing the required information to be contained in reports;
- (o) for the purposes of section 25, prescribing terms, conditions, restrictions and parameters for approval of applications to the Fund;
- (p) for the purposes of section 52, prescribing provisions of *The Non-profit Corporations Act, 1995* that are to apply to special non-profit corporations and prescribing the manner in which provisions of *The Non-profit Corporations Act, 1995* apply to special non-profit corporations and modifying, expanding or restricting the manner in which those provisions apply;
- (q) for the purposes of section 59:
 - (i) prescribing the manner in which a request may be made and dealt with;
 - (ii) prescribing the criteria that must be considered when deciding whether or not to keep information confidential pursuant to a request, including authorizing the minister to determine additional criteria to be considered in making that decision; and
 - (iii) establishing a right to appeal to the Court of Queen's Bench a decision made with respect to a request;
- (r) for the purposes of section 61, prescribing activities;
- (s) for the purposes of subsection 67(3), respecting proceeds realized from dispositions;

MANAGEMENT AND REDUCTION OF GREENHOUSE GASES

- (t) for the purposes of subsection 76(1), prescribing means of service;
 - (u) providing for and respecting the cancellation, alteration, suspension or renewal of approvals issued pursuant to this Act, the regulations or the codes;
 - (v) requiring persons whose activities result in greenhouse gas emissions or who are involved in a program to mitigate the effects of climate change to keep records or make reports and prescribing the nature of those records or reports;
 - (w) respecting administrative penalties;
 - (x) with respect to any matter governed by this Act:
 - (i) adopting, as amended from time to time or otherwise, all or any part of any standard or guideline;
 - (ii) amending for the purposes of this Act, the regulations or the codes any standard or guideline adopted pursuant to subclause (i);
 - (iii) requiring compliance with a standard or guideline adopted pursuant to subclause (i);
 - (y) prescribing any matter or thing required or authorized by this Act to be prescribed in the regulations;
 - (z) respecting any other matter or thing that the Lieutenant Governor in Council considers necessary to carry out the intent of this Act.
- (2) Regulations made pursuant to this Act may be made retroactive to a day not earlier than the day on which this Act comes into force.
- (3) Without restricting the ability of the minister to develop or adopt any code with respect to any matter, the authority in this Act for the Lieutenant Governor in Council to make regulations is to be construed as including the power to make regulations authorizing the minister to develop or adopt a code with respect to that matter.

Review of Act

79 The minister shall conduct a review of this Act:

- (a) in the case of the first review, within six years after the coming into force of this Act; and
- (b) in the case of a subsequent review, within six years after the completion of the previous review.

PART XI
Coming into Force

Coming into force

80 This Act comes into force on proclamation.

